## INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT

NAME OF THE	SECOND PERIODIC TEST	CLASS: XII
EXAMINATION		
DATE OF EXAMINATION	01.06.22	SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY
TYPE	MARKING SCHEME	

SET A	Q.NO	VALUE POINTS	MARK
	1	В	1
	2	В	1
	3	D	1
	4	Both C and D are wrong	1
	5	D	1
	6	p-nitrophenylethanoate (or) the correct structure	1
	7	tert-butyl alcohol (or) the correct structure	1
	8	2-Ethoxybutane	1
	9	Correct equation for hydroboration and oxidation of phenyl ethene	1
	10	Phenol gives violet colour with neutral Ferric Chloride, ethanol	1
		doesn't.	
	11	Kolbes reaction	1
	12	(a) Secondary and tertiary alcohols undergo dehydration to form alkenes as major products.	1 each
		(b) Correct explanation	
	13	(a) $C_6H_5OH + C_2H_5I$	1 each
		(b) CH <sub>3</sub> COOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	
	14	(a) $C_2H_5MgBr + H_3O^+$	1 each
		(b) Br <sub>2(aq)</sub>	
	15	Correct mechanism	3x1 each
SET B	1	A	1
	2	С	1
	3	D	1
	4	D	1
	5	A	1
	6	3-Methyl-4-nitrophenol and 5-Methyl-2-nitrophenol	1/2 + 1/2
	7	Butan-2-ol	1
	8	6-Methyl-1-phenoxyheptane	1
	9	Correct equation	1

11 Williamsons synthesis – correct example  12 a) Intermolecular hydrogen bond b) LiAlH4 that reduces acid is expensive. Hence to make the process economical.  13 a) Equation to show the conversion of phenol to benzoquinone. b) Equation to show acetylation of phenol to form phenylacetate.  14 a) Diazotisation followed by warm water b) CH3Cl, AlCl3  15 Correct mechanism	1 each 1 each 1 each
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b) CH <sub>3</sub> Cl, AlCl <sub>3</sub>	
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15 Correct mechanism	
To Correct medianism	3x1 each
SET C 1 C	1
2 B	1
3 B	1
4 B	1
5 C	1
6 p-bromophenylethanoate structure	1
7 3-Methylbutan-2-ol	1
8 1-Phenoxy-1-phenylmethane (or) Phenoxyphenylmethane	1
9 Correct equation for catalytic hydration of phenyl ethene	1
10 Lucas test	1
11 Reimer Tiemann reaction	1
12 a) Intermolecular hydrogen bond	1 each
b) Secondary and tertiary alcohols undergo dehydration to form	
alkenes as major products.	
a) Equation to show formation of benzoic acid	1 each
b) Equation to show acetylation of phenol to form phenylacetate.	
a) CH <sub>3</sub> MgBr/H <sub>3</sub> O <sup>+</sup>	1 each
b) Oleum followed by (i) NaOH, (ii) H+	
15 Correct mechanism	3x1 each